

# In the Psalms: Part 2



## SABBATH AFTERNOON

**Read for This Week’s Study:** *Psalm 46, Jer. 4:23–26, Ps. 47:1–4, 1 Thess. 4:13–17, Psalm 75, Rev. 14:6–12.*

**Memory Text:** “Let the peoples praise You, O God; let all the peoples praise You. Oh, let the nations be glad and sing for joy! For You shall judge the people righteously, and govern the nations on earth. Selah” (*Psalm 67:3, 4, NKJV*).

When thinking of final events, we tend to focus on the beasts and the powers of Revelation. And, of course, they have a big role—an important one, too. Otherwise, God would not have put them in the Bible for us to understand them (*see Rev. 1:3*).

Prophecy, however, also deals with key issues associated with sin and suffering, judgment, the battle between good and evil, the nature of justice and injustice, persecution, and more.

The Psalms also deal with these issues in great depth, exploring nearly every possible human emotion—from dark despondency to unbridled joy. We see Israel preparing for battle against the forces of darkness. We read about individuals wrestling with the question of why doesn’t God address evil more directly and immediately, a question that no doubt we all have asked. We are directed to the sanctuary for answers, and there also are repeated appeals to God’s status as Creator. Are these not issues and questions that we, in our context today, wrestle with, as well?

Of course, this is why we will continue unpacking the book of Psalms in order to learn more about these crucial truths.

\* Study this week’s lesson to prepare for Sabbath, May 31.

## A Very Present Help in the Time of Trouble

**Read** Psalm 46. What message of hope can we take from this amid the turmoil of life now and what we know is going to come upon the earth in the last days as the great controversy plays out here?

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Psalm 46 appears to touch on a theme that we find in the book of Hebrews: *that of something better*. Jesus is *better* than the earthly high priest, His sacrifice is *better* than all the animal sacrifices, and the heavenly sanctuary is *better* than the types that existed on earth.

This psalm takes a different approach, however. The author is not taking good things and contrasting them with better things; he is contrasting a world in rebellion—and the terrible consequences it has brought—with promise of the better things that God is planning for us.

Indeed, this psalm is filled with hope and promise that, even amid the desolation and trial and suffering and wars that we face, ultimately we are to “be still, and know that I am God” (*Ps. 46:10*) and to rest in the assurance that one day all of this is going to end and that God “will be exalted in the earth” (*Ps. 46:10*).

Notice, too, what is written here. “Therefore we will not fear, even though the earth be removed, and though the mountains be carried into the midst of the sea” (*Ps. 46:2, NKJV*).

One cannot help but be reminded of the scenes that will take place at the Second Coming: “Then the sky receded as a scroll when it is rolled up, and every mountain and island was moved out of its place” (*Rev. 6:14, NKJV*). And this: “Looking for and hastening the coming of the day of God, because of which the heavens will be dissolved, being on fire, and the elements will melt with fervent heat” (*2 Pet. 3:12, NKJV*). Our present world, with all its attendant evils, isn’t going to last forever, and what comes afterward promises us something that our minds now can barely fathom. For now, though, we just need to hold on, persevering in faith and clinging to the revelation of God that we have, especially in Jesus on the cross.

**However bad things are in this world (and we know they are going to get worse), what hope should you draw from your knowledge of the goodness, power, and character of God (think: the Cross)?**

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## Hope Amid Turmoil

Much of the language in the book of Psalms is symbolic, but when it comes to the language that points forward to the ultimate resetting of our planet, we have little reason to believe that it is *merely* symbolic. Psalm 46 reminds us that the physical earth will be deeply affected by Christ's return. But it is not merely the rocks and ocean that will be affected; the grand climax of earth's history will mean the breakdown of worldly kingdoms—the miserable systems of human government that have caused so much suffering over the millennia.

In the end, all these powers, and all the evil and suffering that they have brought upon humanity, will come to a complete end.

**Read** Jeremiah 4:23–26. What is this telling us about the fate of this world, at least until there's a “new heaven and a new earth” (*Rev. 21:1*)?

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Bible prophecy shows us what will happen to this world. The vision of Daniel 7, for instance, shows us a stormy sea from which the nations of the world arise. The winds of strife and warfare blow across the Gentile sea (the earth), producing one worldly kingdom after another, and not one of them can solve the very real problems that beset the human race. The worldly leaders we dare to trust almost always prove to be as sinful and selfish as the rest of us.

None of the kingdoms shown to Daniel proved to be a secure home for God's people (though some were better than others). But we know that we have citizenship in the kingdom of God (*Phil. 3:20*), and, high above the chaos of this planet, there is a throne that cannot be moved (*see Ezek. 1:26*). Jesus taught that the world will move into deeper disorder as we approach the moment of Christ's return (*Matthew 24*), but we can hold out in faith, regardless of the condition of our planet, because we know that God has not lost control, and that He will fulfill His promises: “The nations raged, the kingdoms were moved; He uttered His voice, the earth melted. The LORD of hosts is with us; the God of Jacob is our refuge” (*Ps. 46:6, 7, NKJV*). Short term, things are not going greatly nor will they. Long term? That—thanks to Jesus—is a whole other matter.

**No question, our world seems chaotic and out of control. How should the prophecy of Daniel 7, for instance, help us see that ultimately things will work out well for us if we remain faithful?**

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## Under His Feet

**Read** Psalm 47:1–4. What does it say about our place, ultimately, in Christ’s kingdom?

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Long term, the future is bright. Until then, humanity ceded dominion over the planet to Lucifer, and by the time Satan appeared at the heavenly council in Job, he boasted that this earth belonged to him.

“‘From where do you come?’ ” God asked.

“‘From going to and fro on the earth, and from walking back and forth on it.’ ” he replied (*Job 1:7, NKJV*).

Satan was declaring *ownership*; the foot was used in antiquity to represent ownership. “‘Arise, walk through the length and the breadth of the land,’ ” God instructed Abraham, “‘for I will give it to you’ ” (*Gen. 13:17, ESV*).

**Compare** 1 Thessalonians 4:13–17 and Zechariah 14:4, and pay attention to Christ’s feet. What differences do you find between these passages, and what do they teach us about these two different, though related, aspects of Christ’s ultimate sovereignty of this world?

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Talking about what Christ does at the end of the millennium, Ellen G. White wrote: “Christ descends upon the Mount of Olives, whence, after His resurrection, He ascended, and where angels repeated the promise of His return. Says the prophet: ‘The Lord my God shall come, and all the saints with Thee.’ ‘And His feet shall stand in that day upon the Mount of Olives, which is before Jerusalem on the east, and the Mount of Olives shall cleave in the midst thereof, . . . and there shall be a very great valley.’ ‘And the Lord shall be King over all the earth: in that day shall there be one Lord, and His name one.’ Zechariah 14:5, 4, 9. As the New Jerusalem, in its dazzling splendor, comes down out of heaven, it rests upon the place purified and made ready to receive it, and Christ, with His people and the angels, enters the Holy City.”—*The Great Controversy*, pp. 662, 663.

**Look at the hope we have been given in Jesus. Think about how hard life would be if everything ended, forever, with death. It would all be futile, would it not?**

## Wine and Blood

**Read** Psalm 75. Read also Matthew 26:26–29 and Revelation 14:9–12. What does this psalm reveal about some of the issues at stake in the judgment, and how do these other texts help us understand these issues?

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There is some thought that this psalm would have been sung upon the miraculous destruction of Sennacherib's army (*2 Chronicles 32, 2 Kings 19*)—a story that appears to point forward to the final destruction of the wicked in Revelation 20. The people of God are inside the Holy City with their righteous king when the armies of evil come up and surround them, and then they are destroyed by God Himself.

One of the things that God corrects in the judgment is the misappropriation of power that has taken place in our fallen world. Fallen humans no longer live for others or for the glory of God but for self. Today, in many ways, we are living with the consequences of choosing to believe that there is no meaning or objective moral standard in the universe. If there is to be a meaning, the philosopher Friedrich Nietzsche insisted that we must invent it for ourselves and pretend as if the universe exists for our benefit. Each individual, in effect, behaves as if he or she is a god.

(One might justifiably ask: *How well did this philosophy work out for Nietzsche himself?* Not too well, actually. He went insane, collapsing on a street in Italy after trying to stop a man from beating a horse. He then spent the next 11 years of his life in a semi-catatonic state before his death in 1900.)

However bad the problems are, as believers we are reminded to live with hope and not to judge the future by current events. It is easy to despair as we see the pillars of civilization being steadily eroded by the hearts and minds of the godless or by those whose views of God are not found in the Bible. We are currently living in a period in which moral values, even things as basic as human gender, male and female, have come under assault, at least in some parts of the world. Certain types of immorality, things that many people would have been ashamed to talk about, even privately, are now lauded and applauded publicly. That's how bad things are getting.

**Though we must do our part now to try to make life better for others, why is it always important to remember that it's going to take the total destruction of this present world and the supernatural re-creation of it before all things are, ultimately, made right?**

## That Your Salvation May Be Known

**Read** Psalm 67. How does this hymn of praise inform your understanding of the role of God's people in Revelation 14:6–12?

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Engineers at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology have created a new black coating that renders objects painted with it nearly invisible. Created from nanotubes, it is many times darker than any black material previously created. This new material can absorb 99.995 percent of all visible light. Even the brightest light fails to make objects covered in this coating visible.

Psalm 67 begins with an appeal for God to “cause His face to shine upon us, that Your way may be known on earth” (*Ps. 67:1, 2, NKJV*). In the plan of salvation, God has provided a way for sinners to be readmitted to His immediate, glorious presence without being destroyed by His glory; and even now, in this life, the cross of Christ makes it possible for God's face to shine on us.

But there is more: God intends that we reflect His light to the rest of the world. This was the task given to Israel: the temple was to be a house of prayer for all nations: “ ‘Even them I will bring to My holy mountain, and make them joyful in My house of prayer. Their burnt offerings and their sacrifices will be accepted on My altar; for My house shall be called a house of prayer for all nations’ ” (*Isa. 56:7, NKJV*).

In this psalm, David reminds us that God wants His “way [to] be known on earth, [His] salvation among all nations” (*Ps. 67:2, NKJV*). Tragically, God's people have often failed in this task. Israel's record in the Old Testament contains some dark chapters, as does the record of the Christian church during the past two millennia. It is as if we have painted our hearts with an ultra-dark substance, content to absorb God's light without reflecting it.

Sometimes, we treat God's last-day movement as a kind of privileged departure lounge reserved for spiritual frequent flyers, and we seem quite content that the rest of the world must sit in the noisy, uncomfortable gate lounge, unprepared for the journey ahead. The remnant church of Revelation 14, however, is not content just to stand on Zion with Christ, basking in His presence. Instead, they fly across the face of the earth, urging the world to join them on God's holy mountain.

**What obligations should we as a church, and as individuals, feel toward teaching others the truths that we love so much?**

**Further Thought:** Read Psalm 133, Acts 1:4–9, and Revelation 5:4–7.

“During the patriarchal age the influence of the Holy Spirit had often been revealed in a marked manner, but never in its fullness. Now, in obedience to the word of the Saviour, the disciples offered their supplications for this gift, and in heaven Christ added His intercession. He claimed the gift of the Spirit, that He might pour it upon His people.”—Ellen G. White, *The Acts of the Apostles*, p. 37.

The disciples were instructed to bear witness to Christ “to the end of the earth” (*Acts 1:8, NKJV*), a work that would herald the return of Christ (*Matt. 24:14*). We are to continue what they started.

When Christ told us to carry the gospel to the world, He did not leave us alone to figure out how it might happen. The work is directed from heaven’s sanctuary. Our work is intimately wrapped up in Christ: He guides and empowers us. This is *His* work, not ours: we are asked to follow His lead. You will notice this is how it worked with Israel: God asked them to follow His instructions, and then *He* made the impossible happen. The Spirit is already at work in the hearts of our neighbors; we are asked to be there when the moment of decision arrives so that we can invite them to join God’s people as they stand with the Lamb on Zion. We do not have to invent new means and methods because we have never been in charge of the work.

### Discussion Questions:

- ❶ There are lots of unreached people, even though the three angels’ messages have gone all over the world. In class, discuss how we as a church can better fulfill the task that Christ is using us to fulfill. How can we learn not to despair when we think of all the people who still have not heard of these truths for the last days?
- ❷ In Revelation 5, John witnesses the sealed scroll being given to the Lamb because He is worthy. When the seals on the scroll are opened in Revelation 6, we see the history of the New Testament church clearly predicted down to the end of time. From this description, what lessons can we learn about the way God intends to finish the work?
- ❸ What are the present events we see in the world that could easily lead to what we know is coming in Revelation 13 and 14? What obstacles remain?

## Part 5: Love and Marriage

By ANDREW MCCHESENEY

Diana and Loren were planning to get married in Santa Fe, New Mexico, when they found out that they were expecting a baby. Diana postponed the wedding because she didn't want the baby to be the reason for marriage.

After the baby was born, the couple moved to Salt Lake City, Utah, where Diana's parents were living. They had had enough of life in Santa Fe.

Although Diana and Loren weren't living as Christians, Loren wanted to get married in a church. He chose an Adventist church and contacted its pastor. He also asked his father, an Adventist pastor living near Chicago, to perform the ceremony. This presented a dilemma for both pastors because Diana wasn't a church member and the couple wasn't living a Christian life. But after much prayer, they said they felt impressed to "err on the side of love." Loren's father gave premarital counseling over the phone.

On their wedding day, Diana was surprised to see church members whom they didn't know in attendance. *Who attends a wedding of strangers?* she thought. Her surprise grew when the church members gave them gifts.

Unpacking at home, Diana came across a small book titled *Happiness Digest*. She thought it was a book from the three persistent women who had visited her in Colorado. She began reading it, and she couldn't put it down. When Loren came home from work, she excitedly said, "This is truth!" He said, "Oh, that's *Steps to Christ*, written by a prophet named Ellen White." The idea of a prophet confused Diana, but a desire sprouted in her heart to visit the Adventist church and learn more about what she had been reading.

When Diana showed up in church, members didn't say a word. They accepted her as she was and even took care of her children so she could listen. When she overheard the head elder talking about Bible studies, she told him, "I want to study." Loren interrupted, "I can tell you whatever you want to know." He was embarrassed that he hadn't studied with her. "No, I want to study the Bible for myself," she said.

The elder, Lorell Herold, and his wife, Carol, came to their home every week for 28 weeks. As Diana studied, her worldly appearance began to change. No one spoke to her about it. No one preached about it. She simply lost interest in worldly things as church members loved her and as she learned about God's love that was poured out in the life, death, and resurrection of Jesus.

Her enthusiasm for the Bible surprised Loren. He wondered what he had missed growing up and began studying the Bible on his own. The two decided to get baptized together.

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*This mission story offers an inside look at how God miraculously worked in the life of Diana Fish, development director of the US-based Holbrook Seventh-day Adventist Indian School, which received the Thirteenth Sabbath Offering in 2021. Thank you for supporting the spread of the gospel with this quarter's Thirteenth Sabbath Offering on June 28. Read more about Diana next week.*